MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

NAME D19 – 0

NSN 9150-00-179-5137

GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER'S NAME JOINT OIL ANALYSIS PROGRAM TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTER

TELEPHONE NUMBER (850) 452-5627 **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**ADDRESS
JOAP-TSC

85 MILLINGTON AVENUE

PENSACOLA, FL 32508-5010

SPECIFICATION MIL-L-6082, GRADE 1100

CHEMICAL FAMILY HYDROCARBONS
DATE PREPARED DECEMBER, 2001

INGREDIENTS INFORMATION

COMPONENTS	PERCENTAGE
BASE OIL	100 %

TRACE ELEMENTS

IRON	Fe	≤1 ppm
SILVER	Ag	≤1 ppm
ALUMINUM	Al	≤1 ppm
CHROMIUM	Cr	≤1 ppm
COPPER	Cu	≤1 ppm
MAGNESIUM	Mg	≤1 ppm
SODIUM	Na	≤1 ppm
NICKEL	Ni	≤1 ppm
LEAD	Pb	≤1 ppm
SILICON	Si	≤1 ppm
TIN	Sn	≤1 ppm
TITANIUM	Ti	≤1 ppm
ZINC	Zn	≤1 ppm
BORON	В	≤1 ppm
MOLYBDENUM	Мо	≤1 ppm
CADMIUM	Cd	≤1 ppm
BARIUM	Ва	≤1 ppm
VANADIUM	V	≤1 ppm
MANGANESE	Mn	≤1 ppm

PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

VENTILATION Use with adequate ventilation to control exposure to below recommended levels.

OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV for oil mists are 5 mg/m³.

RESPIRATORY Not generally required.

EYE Safety glasses with side shields or splash goggles

PROTECTION

SKIN Gloves and protective garments to prevent skin contact.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, fumes or dust.

Material can cause gangrene if pressure injected under the skin.

These recommendations are based on normal uses and conditions. Expert assistance, such as an industrial hygienist, should be sought if unusual or special conditions exist.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in closed containers.

Store in well-ventilated area.

Do not store near oxygen and/or strong oxidizing agents.

REACTIVITY

STABILITY Stable

MATERIALS TO AVOID Oxygen and strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION Will not occur

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS Carbon oxides, various hydrocarbons and oxides and

other compounds of the metals present

HEALTH HAZARDS

EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV for oil mists are 5 mg/m³

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Pressurized injection of material under the skin can lead to seriously inflamed tissue. If left untreated, the injury

may become gangrenous.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to oil mists poses a risk

of pulmonary disease such as lung inflammation.

Continuous skin contact with used motor oils has caused

skin cancer in laboratory animals.

29CFR1910.1025 requires employee notification of lead

present in the work place.

All compounds containing heavy metals should be

handled carefully.

FIRST AID and EMERGENCY

EYES Flush eyes with water for fifteen (15) minutes

SKIN Wash with soap and water INHALATION Remove from source

INGESTION DO NOT induce vomiting, SEEK MEDICAL

ASSISTANCE

In all cases, if irritation or adverse symptoms develop, SEEK MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AMBER TO DARK LIQUID

ODOR MILD

BOILING POINT $> 600^{\circ} \text{ F} (> 316^{\circ} \text{ C})$ VAPOR PRESSURE $< 1 \text{ mm Hg } @ 68 \text{ F} (20^{\circ} \text{ C})$

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1) > 1

SOLUBILITY IN WATER NEGLIGIBLE

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (WATER = 1) 0.86 - 0.89 @ 60° F (16° C)

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME NEGLIGIBLE EVAPORATION RATE NEGLIGIBLE

FIRE and EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT > 385° F (195° C)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM OR CARBON DIOXIDE
HAZARDS CARBON OXIDES AND VARIOUS HYDROCARBONS

ARE FORMED WHEN BURNED.

TRANSPORTATION

MATERIAL IS NOT REGULATED

DISPOSAL AND REGULATORY INFORMATION

MATERIAL IS SOLD AS A CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL STANDARD FOR LABORATORY USE.

DO NOT ALLOW MATERIAL TO ENTER SURFACE WATERS OR SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM.

THIS MATERIAL CONTAINS METALS LISTED IN 40 CFR 261.24 TOXICITY CHARACTERISTICS AND SHOULD BE TESTED AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 261.24(A). IF THE MATERIAL FAILS THE TOXICITY CHARACTERISTIC LEACHING PROCEDURE (TCLP), THEN IT MUST BE MANAGED AND DISPOSED OF AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

CERCLA/SUPERFUND - THIS MATERIAL IS NOT KNOWN TO CONTAIN HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY TO MAKE IT SUBJECT TO CERCLA REGULATIONS